NATURAL RESOURCE MANAGEMENT (NRM) PROJECT

Natural resource management refers to the management of natural resources such as land, water, soil, plants and animals, with a particular focus on how management affects the quality of life for both present and future generations. Natural resource management brings together land use planning, water management, biodiversity conservation, and the future sustainability of industries like agriculture, mining, tourism, fisheries and forestry. CHA is implementing natural resource management project in two districts (Dara-e suf Bala and Dara-e suf Payin ) of Samangan province.
CHA DISASTER RISK REDUCTION SECTOR ACTIVITIES DURING 2016

IMPLEMENTED PROJECTS – 6

This Sheet is Contain 3 of 6 Projects

IMPROVEMENT OF WATER SUPPLY & SANITARY INFRASTRUCTURE PROJECT

This project is funded by Caritas in 2004 and will be continue till November 2016 in Sherin-Tagab, Khwaja-Sabzpush and Dawlat-Abad districts of Faryab province. The project goal is to mitigate the risk of infectious and water borne diseases in affected communities of the mentioned three districts through provision of WASH services such as, digging tube-wells with installation of hand pumps, establishing of water supply network, establishing latrines, distribution of hygiene kits and conducting WASH trainings.

COMMUNITY OUTREACH & RETURNEE MONITORING PROJECT

This project is funded by UNHCR and implemented by CHA over the years in Herat and Farah Badakhshan provinces. Under this project, CHA provides services to the returnees as food, transportation, health, temporary accommodation, post-arrival follow-ups, and ensuring jobs or a source of income for them.

UMBRELLA PROJECT (ASSET CREATION + ESRP)

The project is funded by WFP. Under this projects CHA provides emergency foods against work for filling the critical food needs of the most food-insecure and vulnerable households in Tulak and Saghar districts in Ghor province and Farsi district of Herat province. Food packages are distributed to beneficiaries of the project against their effort in road repairing, canal cleaning, construction of culverts and other works as identified in their communities.

PEOPLE WITH SPECIFIC NEED (PSN) PROJECT

A series of humanitarian projects under PSN funded by UNHCR and implemented by CHA over the years in Herat, Farah, Balkh, Faryab, Jawzjan, Sar-e-pul, Samangan, Baghlan, Kunduz, Takhar and Badakhshan provinces. Under this project, CHA provides services to the returnees as food, transportation, health, temporary accommodation, post-arrival follow-ups, and ensuring jobs or a source of income for them.
IMPLEMENTED PROJECTS – 4

BASIC PACKAGE OF HEALTH SERVICES (BPHS) PROJECT
This Basic Package of Health Services (BPHS) is World Bank funded project under grant of SEHAT “system enhancement for health action in transition” contracted between the Ministry of Public Health and Coordination of Humanitarian Assistance (CHA) for the period, from 01, Jan, 2014 up to 31, December, 2016 for Farah province.
Regular Supply of Essential Drugs

POLIO CAMPAIGN BASED CHWS ENGAGEMENT PROJECT
Community health workers (CHWs) involved as social mobilizers at polio pre-campaign, during campaign and post campaign at five districts included Balaboluk, Gulistan, Khaki Safed, Pushte Rod and Bakwa to engaged caregivers, conduct door marking and vaccinate the missed children.

STRENGTHENING & SCALING up MALARIA PREVENTION & CASE MANAGEMENT PROJECT
The project designed to provide extensive training, equip Farah health service providers as well as health workers to tackle malaria disease more effectively, to minimize the risks that threaten people of Farah including women and children.

PUBLIC PRIVATE PARTNERSHIP (PPP) PROJECT
CSO type B or Public-private partnership Project has been implemented in 3 districts, included Bakwa, Gulistan, and Purchaman of the Farah province.
Goal: To improve accessibility to quality health services, especially EPI and Basic Reproductive Health services in Gulistan, Bakwa and Purchaman districts (being the most insecure and remote areas), through strengthening the use of the existing private sector.
CHA RURAL DEVELOPMENT & SOCIAL PROTECTION SECTOR
ACTIVITIES DURING 2016

IMPLEMENTED PROJECTS – 3

QUICK IMPACT REINTEGRATION PROJECT FOR AFGHAN REFUGEE RETURNEES

The project seeks to improve the economic situation of refugees returnees including male and female through providing short-term livelihood opportunity and getting vocational training. The program is planned in Bagrami, Dah-Sabz and Chahar-Asiab districts of Kabul, Bagram district of Parwan and Pul-e-Alam district of Logar province. It provides an opportunity for 350 returnees (160 in tailoring and 190 in poultry) to learn vocational skills of tailoring and poultry during the project duration. Besides, there was construction project designed as CFW for the returnees like two water reservoirs, 100-meter protection wall and 12 culverts where totally 60 returnees representatives worked for 3.5 months.

NATIONAL SOLIDARITY PROGRAM (NSP)

The project is funded by the government of Afghanistan aimed to lay the foundations for a strengthening of community level governance, and support community-based sub-projects comprising reconstruction and development that improve access of rural communities to social and productive infrastructure and services. The program awarded in 2003 and will be continued until the end of Sep 2016.

NATIONAL SOLIDARITY PROGRAM (IDRRID)

Principle Objective: To institutionalize standardized DP/DRR principles into Afghan Government development planning and management, 100 male and female received the capacity building trainings on DRR issues, 10 villages reviewed their action plan and revised their CDPs, Community members of 10 villages selected and 100 mitigation walls constructed across the river to protect cable bridge in Dawlatabad district of Faryba province.
CHA EDUCATION SECTOR ACTIVITIES DURING 2016

IMPLEMENTED PROJECTS – 2

AFGHANISTAN WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM (AWDP) MTT PROJECT

The goal of the AWDP is to increase mid-career employment opportunities for Afghan men and women by improving the quality of market-driven technical training and increasing job placement and salaries in key economic sectors.

PROJECT INFORMATION
- MoE - USAID
- Start Date: 11/07/2015
- End Date: 10/07/2016
- Total Beneficiaries: 800
- 75% Male Beneficiary
- 25% Female Beneficiary

COVERAGE AREA

TARGETING ULTRA POOR (TUP) PROJECT

The intended beneficiaries of TUP are Afghan women in the rural areas, who is dwelling below the poverty line and are ultra-poor, having no sufficient food and shelter. They are typically subsisting day to day and have no access to any government or non-government services, and are not eligible for microcredit as they fall short of the requirements of borrowers. As a result, they are excluded from any kind of development activities and opportunities for income generation and consequently, they spiral further down into poverty.

PROJECT INFORMATION
- MISFA-WB
- Start Date: 26/07/2015
- End Date: 25/07/2017
- Total Beneficiaries: 1,500
- 10% Male Beneficiary
- 90% Female Beneficiary

COVERAGE AREA - BALKH PROVINCE

- DAWLATABAD
- NAHR-E-SHAHI
- KHULM
- DIHDADI